



Welcome

Changes and Choices



Today's Session

Thursday, February 23, 2012



Agenda

1. The Fillmore Group Introduction
2. Reasons to Implement Replication
3. IBM 's Replication Options – How We Got Here
4. The New Single Part Number Strategy
5. How to Choose Which is Best for YOU
6. InfoSphere Change Data Capture
7. InfoSphere Replication Server
8. Q&A





The Fillmore Group

Frank C. Fillmore, Jr.





The Fillmore Group, Inc.

- History
- DB2 Technical Support and Consulting
- IBM Authorized Training Partner
- IBM Information Management Software Reseller





History

The Fillmore Group, Inc.

- ▶ Founded in Maryland, 1987
- ▶ IBM Business Partner since 1989
- ▶ Delivering IBM Education since 1994
- ▶ DB2 Gold Consultant since 1998





Representative Replication Customers

- ▶ JP Morgan Chase – Q Rep for Oracle migration
- ▶ Iron Mountain – ICDC for platform migration
- ▶ FBI – Q Rep for continuous availability
- ▶ Sears – Q Rep to feed Netezza OLTP data





Reasons to Implement Replication

- ▶ Maintain production system availability 24x7
- ▶ Disaster Recovery Hot Site
- ▶ Database migrations – vendor, version-to-version, platform
- ▶ Loading a data warehouse
- ▶ Load balancing and facilitating extended use
- ▶ Integrating data from disparate systems





What exactly IS replication?

From the Information Management Glossary:

The process of copying a portion of a database from one environment to another and keeping the subsequent copies of the data in sync with the original source. Changes made to the original source are propagated to the copies of the data in other environments.



IBM's Replication Options – How We Got Here

- **SQL Replication** – released in the mid-1990's as DataPropagator Relational
- **Queue Replication** - released along with WebSphere Information Integrator V8.2 in 2005, incorporating MQ and SQL Replication to deliver high-speed replication
- **DataMirror/ICDC** – IBM acquired DataMirror in 2007 and rebranded DataMirror Transformation Server as InfoSphere Change Data Capture (ICDC) in 2008.





InfoSphere Product Rebranding

- ▶ SQL Replication
 - ▶ aka SQL Replication
- ▶ Q Replication
 - ▶ aka InfoSphere Replication Server, Q Replication, Q Rep
- ▶ ICDC
 - ▶ aka InfoSphere Change Data Capture, ICDC





Single Part Number Strategy

December, 2011 IBM Announcement

http://www-01.ibm.com/common/ssi/rep_ca/4/897/ENUS211-504/ENUS211-504.PDF

“IBM InfoSphere Data Replication V10.1.2” (IIDR)

- **Consolidates SQL Replication Q Replication & ICDC into a single part number for purchasing**
- **Same price for all (P/N D0L34LL; \$168 per PVU)**



How to chose which is best for you

- ▶ Understand the basic replication terminology
- ▶ Evaluate and prioritize your replication goals
- ▶ Understand each solution's strengths
- ▶ Apply your product understanding to your priorities
- ▶ Use the checklist
- ▶ Consult IBM and Business Partner experts



Terminology

- ▶ **Latency**
 - ▶ The time it takes for data to get from one point to another
 - ▶ Synonymous with delay; measured in microseconds, seconds, minutes
- ▶ **Source and Target databases**
 - ▶ The “source” database on which data is initially stored and the “target” is the database to which data is replicated
- ▶ **Capture and Apply**
 - ▶ Terms used to describe the process of collecting and delivering changed data
- ▶ **Transport**
 - ▶ The methodology used to move the data from source to target
- ▶ **Uni-directional, bi-directional and peer-to-peer**
 - ▶ Description of data movement from either source to target (uni) or from both source to target and target to source (bi), or to n-tier



Evaluate your replication goals – consider:

- ▶ Source and target databases
 - ▶ Are the source and target homogeneous or heterogeneous?
- ▶ Uni-directional, bi-directional or peer-to-peer replication?
- ▶ Speed and latency
 - ▶ Is there an SLA for replication speed?
 - ▶ What is the data volume on the source and target databases?
 - GB/TB
 - ▶ What is your anticipated transaction volume?
 - INSERTS/UPDATES/DELETES

Evaluate your replication goals – continued:

- ▶ Resiliency
 - ▶ Are outages acceptable? How often? For how long?
 - ▶ Do you need automated failover in the event of an unplanned outage?
- ▶ Ease of use
 - ▶ Monitoring, installation, administration
 - ▶ How frequently do you change your data model?
 - ▶ How complex is conflict resolution? Is it based on:
 - Value/Source/Timestamp/Application Logic
- ▶ Cost
 - ▶ No longer a factor





Understand Each Solution's Strengths

1. SQL Replication
2. Q Replication
3. ICDC





Apply Your Understanding to Your Priorities

1. Are my source and target databases supported?
2. Am I doing uni-directional, bi-directional or peer-to-peer replication?
3. Will my choice deliver the speed and latency required to meet my SLA's?
4. Is my selection resilient enough?
5. Is my selection going to be easy enough to use for the staff supporting replication?





Checklist

When in doubt, use the checklist. Available at:

www.thefillmoregroup.com/blog

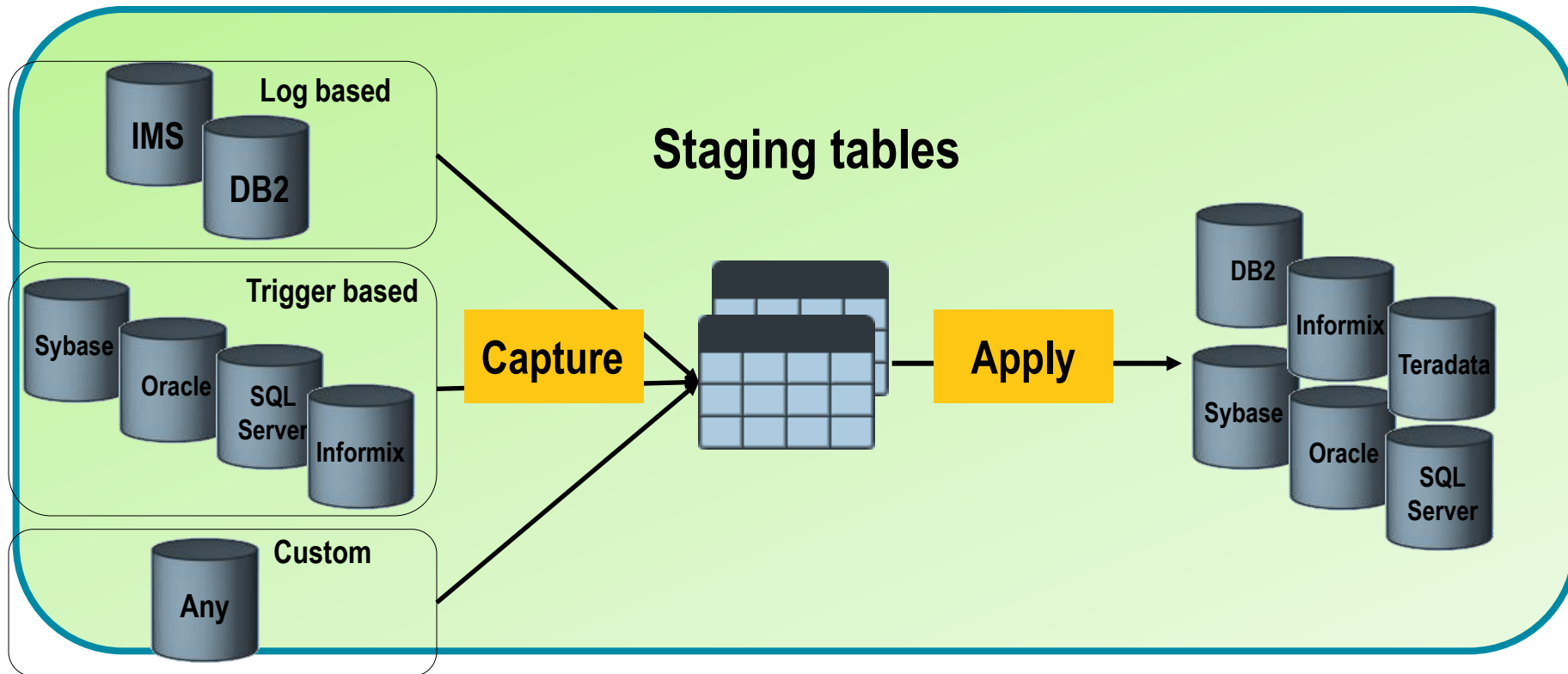


SQL Replication

- Sources: DB2 (all platforms), Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, Informix
- Targets: DB2 (all platforms), Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, Informix
- Uni-directional, bi-directional, peer-to-peer replication supported
- Latency – 3X slower than Q Replication; not recommended for very large transaction volumes
- Resiliency – works with HADR
- Ease of use – Monitoring console
- Cost - *FREE* with DB2 for LUW; Capture component included with DB2 for z/OS but requires purchase of Apply; may need InfoSphere Federation Server for heterogeneous targets.**



SQL Replication

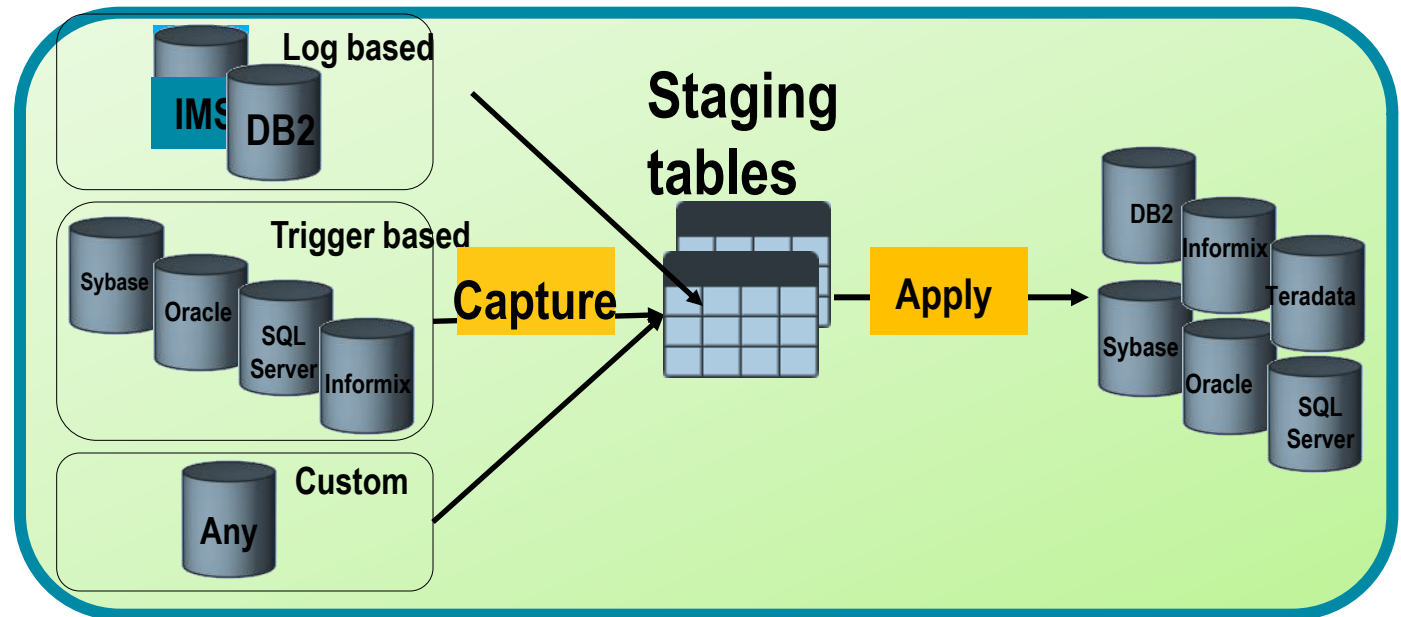




SQL Replication

Important

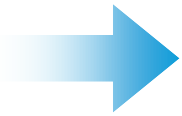
- Triggers are needed when the source is not DB2.
- InfoSphere Federation Server is needed when the target is not DB2.





Q Replication

- Sources: DB2 for z/OS and LUW, and Oracle on all platforms
- Targets: DB2 for z and LUW, Oracle, Sybase, others with Federation

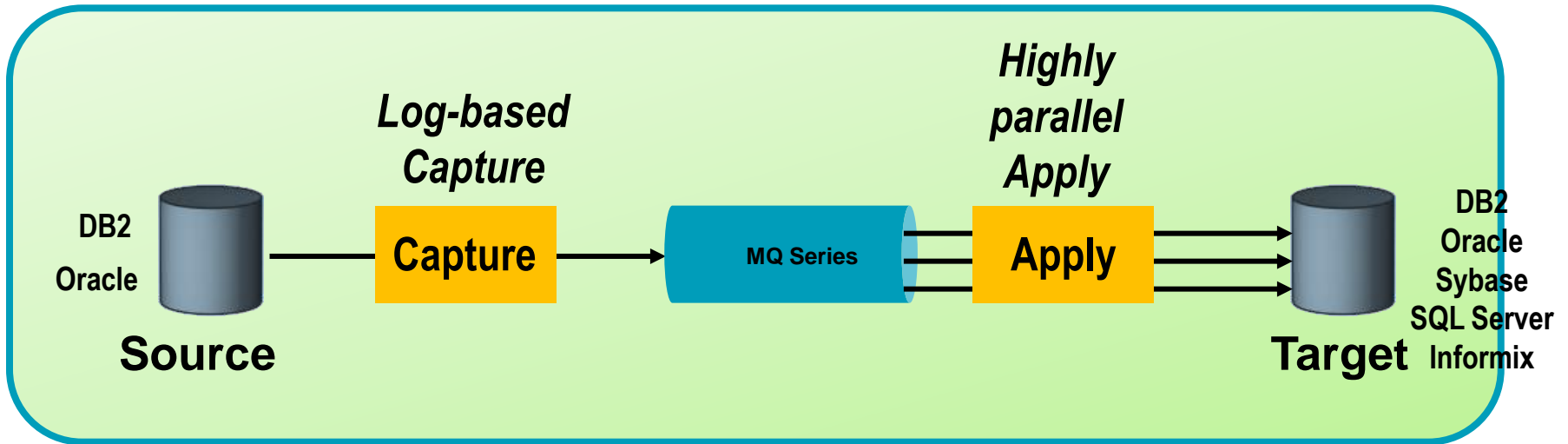


Can invoke Stored Procedures or publish XML

- Uni-directional, bi-directional and peer-to-peer replication supported
- Latency – 3X faster than SQL Replication; recommended for very large transaction volumes; uses MQ Series for speedy delivery
- Resiliency – works with HADR, Q Replication Dashboard monitoring
- Ease of use – ASNCLP scripting language



Q Replication

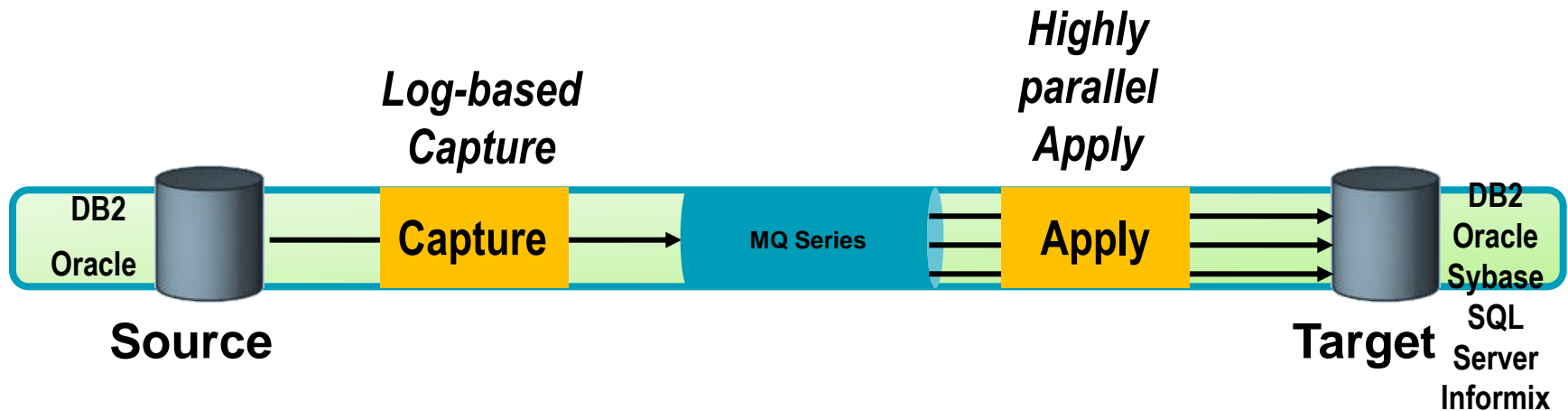




Q Replication

Important

- Additional complexity due to WebSphere MQ
- Fastest; lowest latency
- Replicates compressed DB2 v9.7 data
- No support (source or target) for DB2 on System i





InfoSphere Change Data Capture

- Sources: DB2 (all platforms), Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, Informix
- Targets: DB2, Oracle, SQL Server, Sybase, Teradata, Netezza



And non-relational data targets such as DataStage and MQ

- Uni-directional and bi-directional replication supported
- Latency – faster than SQL Rep; vs. Q Replication scalability issues may impact performance at very high volumes
- Resiliency – works with HADR for DB2
- Ease of use – great GUI interface; no equivalent scripting to ASNCLP



InfoSphere Change Data Capture Supported Sources and Targets

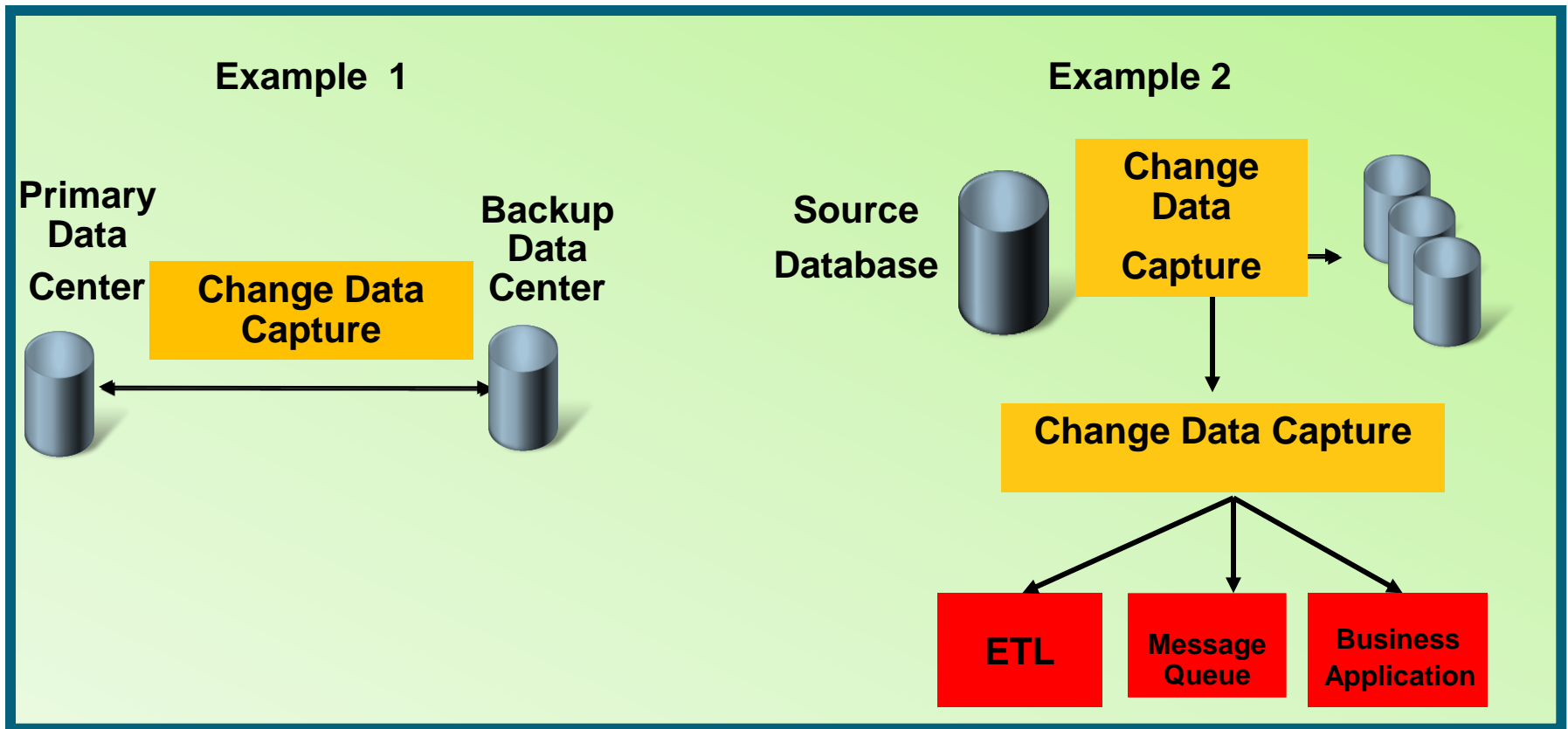
SOURCE Databases	TARGET Databases	Message Queues	Operating Systems	Hardware
DB2 z/OS	DB2 z/OS	MQ Series	z/OS	IBM System z
DB2 LUW	DB2 LUW	JMS	AIX	IBM System p
DB2 i	DB2 i	TIBCO	IBM i OS	IBM i Series
IMS	VSAM*	WebMethods	Red Hat, SUSE Linux for System Z	Intel / AMD
VSAM	Informix	BEA	Red Hat, SUSE Linux	HP PA-RISC
Informix	Information Server		HP-UX	HP Itanium
SolidDB	Cognos Now!		Solaris	Sun SPARC
Oracle	SolidDB		MS Windows	
MS SQL Server	Oracle			
Sybase	Teradata			
ADABAS	MS SQL Server			
IDMS	Sybase			
	Netezza, MySQL, Greenplum**			

* VSAM target only valid with VSAM source

** Customized solution, limited requirements



InfoSphere Change Data Capture





InfoSphere Change Data Capture

Important

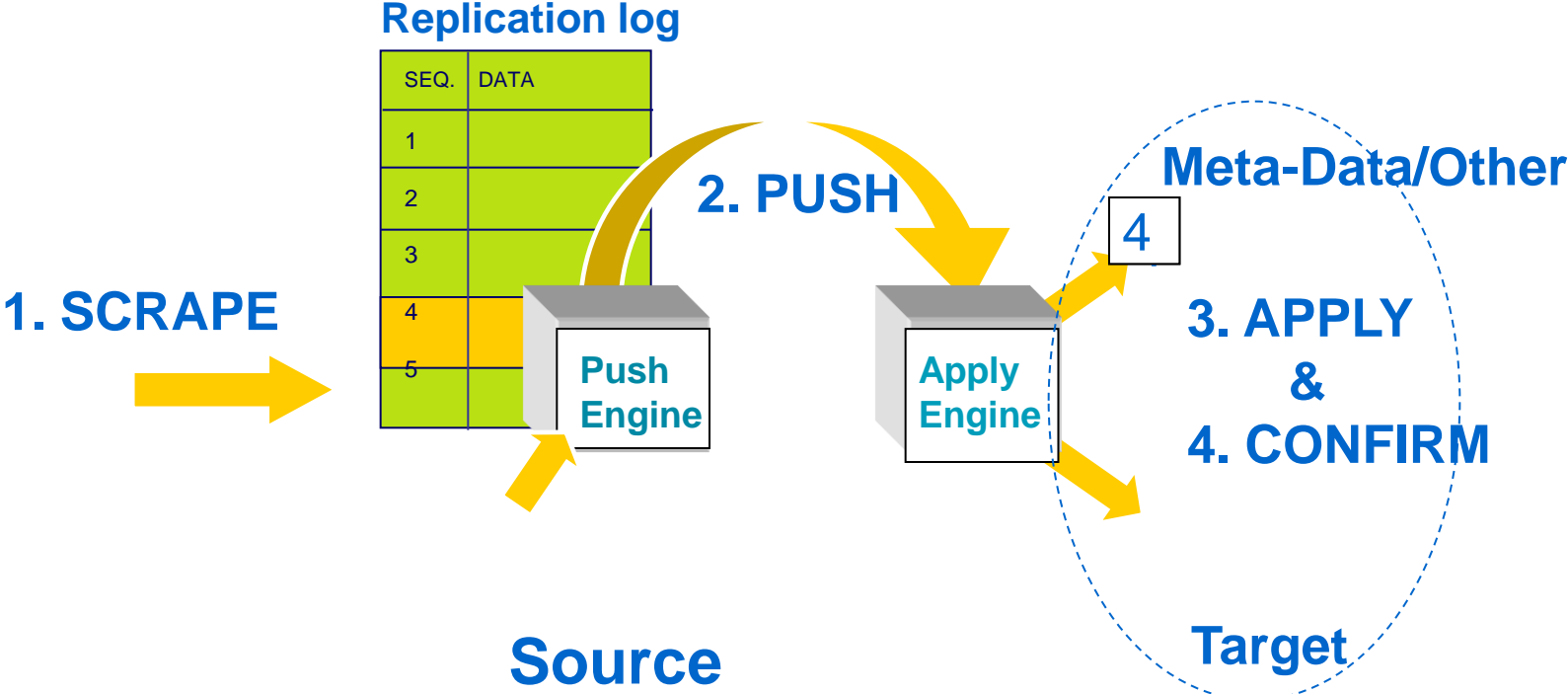
- Updates a bookmark with any change being delivered to the target.
- ICDC uses a small, proprietary database to manage the log position of each change.
- ICDC's performance is dependent on this database and it may constrain the volume and speed of transactions.

 And non-relational data sources such as DataStage and MQ

- Does not require triggers on a heterogeneous source.
- Does not require InfoSphere Federation Server for heterogeneous targets.



ICDC Architecture





Customer Example – SQL Replication

- ▶ State government web portal
 - ▶ Source and target = DB2 Enterprise Server Edition for LUW – both source and target on z/Linux
 - ▶ Uni- directional replication from a database behind a firewall in the state capital to a public portal database located outside the firewall
 - ▶ Speed and latency – Not a critical issue; data volume low
 - ▶ Resiliency – Not a critical issue; replacing an old system with a planned 2 hour outage each night
 - ▶ Ease of use – relatively important; heritage mainframe DBA staff already being tasked with developing new DB2 for LUW skills and frequent changes need to be incorporated
 - ▶ Cost – Agency had a minimal IT budget



Customer Example – Q Replication



- ▶ National government customs and immigration
 - ▶ Source and target = DB2 for z/OS
 - ▶ Bi-directional replication for warm failover
 - ▶ Speed and Latency - built to ensure continuous availability during anticipated peak traffic times
 - ▶ Resiliency – critical particularly during high traffic periods
 - ▶ Ease of use – not as important as performance
 - ▶ Cost – well funded customer



Customer Example – ICDC



- ▶ Appliance Parts Retailer extending web presence
 - ▶ Source = DB2 on System i, target = DB2 Express C
 - ▶ Bi-directional, using replication to populate OLTP to web portal
 - ▶ Speed and Latency – up-to-the-second replication not critical
 - ▶ Resiliency – important during peak web use hours but not a priority
 - ▶ Ease of use – critical as data inventory items change constantly
 - ▶ Cost – budget < \$25K





Consult IBM and Business Partner Experts

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Resources

- PVU Explanation

http://www-01.ibm.com/software/lotus/passportadvantage/pvu_licensing_for_customers.html

- Link to IBM Replication Page

<http://www-01.ibm.com/software/data/infosphere/data-replication/>

- developerWorks

<http://www.ibm.com/developerworks/data/roadmaps/qrepl-roadmap.html>





Resources

- IBM Redbooks:
www.redbooks.ibm.com
- IBM Authorized Training:
www.ibm.com/training



The Fillmore Group website

www.thefillmoregroup.com

IBM Learning Services website

www.ibm.com/training